

**I. Multiple Choice – 單選題 (40 points; 2 points/question)**

- \_\_\_ 1. Compressing files will not reduce a disk \_\_\_?  
(A) storage capacity (B) data transfer rate (C) access time (D) all of above
- \_\_\_ 2. A memory unit is organized as a 8,192 x 1,024 two dimensional array. What is the size of MAR?  
(A) 21 bits (B) 22 bits (C) 23 bits (D) 24 bits
- \_\_\_ 3. Which program uses POP3? (A) NotePad (B) Illustrator (C) Photoshop (D) Windows Mail
- \_\_\_ 4. Which of the following technique can increase their instruction throughput?  
(A) pipeline (B) cache (C) SOC (D) none of the above
- \_\_\_ 5. What is the size for 4 minutes song sampled 10,000 times per second with the bit depth of 16?  
(A)  $32 \times 10^5$  Bytes (B)  $24 \times 10^5$  Bytes (C)  $48 \times 10^5$  Bytes (D) none of the above
- \_\_\_ 6. Convert  $12.375_{10}$  to its binary representation. (A) 1100.011 (B) 1100.101 (C) 1010.011 (D) 1010.101
- \_\_\_ 7. Convert  $123_{10}$  to its hexadecimal representation. (A)  $79_{16}$  (B)  $7A_{16}$  (C)  $7B_{16}$  (D)  $7C_{16}$
- \_\_\_ 8. BIOS is usually stored in \_\_\_\_. (A) RAM (B) cache (C) ROM (D) hard disk
- \_\_\_ 9. In a machine language instruction operation code takes 8 bits. What is the maximum number of distinct operation codes that can be recognized and executed by the processor on this machine?  
(A) 8 (B) 16 (C) 128 (D) 256
- \_\_\_ 10. The system boots from \_\_\_\_. (A) MBR (B) FAT (C) root folder (D) sector
- \_\_\_ 11. The \_\_\_ is used to fetch, decode, and execute instructions.  
(A) arithmetic/logic unit (ALU) (B) I/O controllers (C) memory (D) control unit
- \_\_\_ 12. Which is used to locate a memory location? (A) decoder (B) multiplexor (C) cache (D) IR
- \_\_\_ 13. \_\_\_ is a freeware operating system. (A) Vista (B) Linux (C) Palm OS (D) Mac OS
- \_\_\_ 14. In the \_\_\_ topology, all nodes connected to a single shared communication line.  
(A) star (B) bus (C) ring (D) helix
- \_\_\_ 15. The \_\_\_ of a disk is the time for the beginning of the desired sector to rotate under the read/write head.  
(A) latency (B) transfer time (C) frequency (D) seek time
- \_\_\_ 16. Which is a language for defining markup languages?  
(A) HTML (B) HTTP (C) XSLT (D) XML
- \_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_ is a huge interconnected "network of networks". (A) WAN (B) LAN (C) WWW (D) Internet
- \_\_\_ 18. The \_\_\_ layer protocol provides end-to-end connections.  
(A) application (B) data link (C) transport (D) physical
- \_\_\_ 19. Asymmetric DSL lines usually provide \_\_\_ upload bandwidth than download.  
(A) greater (B) more reliable (C) less (D) less reliable
- \_\_\_ 20. A Web client and server communicate through \_\_\_\_. (A) DNS (B) SMTP (C) HTTP (D) FTP

## II. Questions and Answers – 問答題 (60 points)

1. (10%) 寫出下列程式執行的結果。

(1) (4%)

```
main() {
    int i = 3, pid;
    while(i > 0) {
        if ((pid = fork()) > 0) {
            printf("In parent %d.\n", i--);
        } else {
            printf("In child %d.\n", i);
            exit(0);
        }
    }
}
```

(2) (6%)

```
#include <iostream>
using std::cout;
int sub (int &a, int &b) {
    a *= 3;
    cout << "a = " << a << ", b = " << b << "\n";
    return --a * b++;
}
int sum(int n) {
    if (n < 2) return 1;
    else return sum(n - 1) + sum(n - 2);
}
main() {
    int x = 4, y = 3;
    x = sub(y, y);
    cout << "x = " << x << ", y = " << y << "\n";
    x = sum(y);
    cout << "x = " << x << ", y = " << y << "\n";
}
```

2. (15%) 請以 C 或 C++ 程式語言設計一個程式，能由鍵盤輸入三個數值，比較其大小後，依照數值大小，依序顯示出這三個數值。

3. (15%) 請以 C 或 C++ 程式語言設計一個程式，並利用兩個 FOR 或兩個 while 重複結構指令，讓使用者輸入一個數字 n 後(需介於 3~9 之間)，可印出下面圖案(下圖為 n=5)：

```
1
212
32123
4321234
543212345
```

4. (20%) 請以 C 或 C++ 語言撰寫一個 `strrev(char *)` 函數，確保能將參數字串內容反轉。  
例如：`char string[20] = "book";` 執行 `strrev(string)` 函數後會變成為 "koob"。