$$-\cdot$$
 Find the limit: (20%)

$$1. \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$$

2.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(4+h)^2 - 16}{h}$$

$$\equiv$$
 Evaluate the integrals : (20%)

1.
$$\int_{-1}^{2} \frac{2x}{x^2 - 7} dx$$
,

$$2. \int_{1}^{e} \ln x dx$$

$$\leq$$
 Use a double integral to find the area of the region bounded by $y = x^2$, $y = \frac{x^2}{8}$, and $y = \frac{1}{x}$, and the area is located within the first quadrant.
 $ln2=0.6931$ (10%)

四、Fine the point P(x, y, z) on the plane 2x+y-z-5=0 that lies closest to the origin. (10%)

$$\mathcal{E} \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 4 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & 6 \\ -1 & -4 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$
, Find:

$$(1) |A^{-1}|$$
 $(2) |A^{T}|$

$$(2) |A^T|$$

(3) the rank of A

(4) the real eigenvalues of A

(5) a basis for the eigenspace corresponding.

$$(6) A^4$$
 (30%)

$$\begin{array}{c} x_1 + x_2 & = 0 \\ \\ x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 = 1 \\ x_1 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{array},$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_4 = 0$$

use Cramer's rule or Gauss Jordan Elimination to solve the system of linear equations. (10%)